

Solution de D.1

$$1a) \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n} \quad \text{ou} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n^3}$$

$$\text{ou} \quad \frac{1}{n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 \quad (\text{on peut en trouver d'autres})$$

$$b) \sum_{i=1}^{10} (-1)^{i+1} \cdot i$$

$$c) \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \left(2 + \frac{5i}{n} + \frac{7i^2}{n^2}\right)$$

$$2. a) \sum_{i=1}^{60} i + \sum_{i=1}^{60} i^2 = \frac{60 \cdot 61}{2} + \frac{60 \cdot 61 \cdot 121}{6}$$

$$= \boxed{75640}$$

$$b) \sum_{i=0}^{22} (4 - 12i + 9i^2) = \sum_{i=0}^{22} 4 - 12 \sum_{i=0}^{22} i + 9 \sum_{i=0}^{22} i^2$$

$$= 4 \cdot 23 - 12 \frac{22 \cdot 23}{2} + 9 \cdot \frac{22 \cdot 23 \cdot 45}{6}$$

$$= \boxed{31211}$$

$$3. = \frac{1}{n} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n i^3 - 3i^2 + 3i - 1 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left[\frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} - \frac{3n(n+1)(2n+1)}{2} + \frac{3(n(n+1)) - n}{2} \right]$$

= ... manipulations algébriques

$$= \boxed{\frac{n(n-1)^2}{4}}$$